Required fields are shown with yellow backgrounds and asterisks.

Page 1 of * 21		SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549 Form 19b-4			File No. * SR 2021 - * 014 Amendment No. (req. for Amendments *)		
Filing by National Securities Clearing Corporation							
Pursuant to Rule 19b-4 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934							
Initial * ✓	Amendment *	Withdrawal	Section 19(b)(2) * Section 19(b)(3)(A) * Section 19(b)(3)(B) *		
Pilot	Extension of Time Period for Commission Action *	Date Expires *		Rule 19b-4(f)(1) ✓ 19b-4(f)(2) 19b-4(f)(3)	19b-4(f)(4) 19b-4(f)(5) 19b-4(f)(6)		
Notice of proposed change pursuant to the Payment, Clearing, and Settler Section 806(e)(1) * Section 806(e)(2) *			ct of 2010	Security-Based Swap Submission pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 Section 3C(b)(2) *			
Exhibit 2 Sent As Paper Document Exhibit 3 Sent As Paper Document							
Description Provide a brief description of the action (limit 250 characters, required when Initial is checked *). Proposed Rule Change to Enhance the Transparency of the Calculation of the Backtesting Charge							
Contact Information Provide the name, telephone number, and e-mail address of the person on the staff of the self-regulatory organization prepared to respond to questions and comments on the action.							
First Name * Last Name *							
Title *							
E-mail *	E-mail * RuleFilingAdmin@dtcc.com						
Telephone *		Fax			-		
Signature							
Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange of 1934, National Securities Clearing Corporation has duty caused this filing to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duty authorized.							
Date	11/23/2021	1/23/2021 (Title *)					
Ву	(Name *)						
NOTE: Clicking the signature block at right will initiate digitally signing the form. A digital signature is as legally binding as a physical signature, and once signed, this form cannot be changed.							

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549						
For complete Form 19b-4 instructions please refer to the EFFS website.						
Form 19b-4 Information *	The self-regulatory organization must provide all required information, presented in a clear and comprehensible manner, to enable the public to provide meaningful comment on the proposal and for the Commission to determine					
Add Remove View	whether the proposal is consistent with the Act and applicable rules and regulations under the Act.					
Narrative - Backtesting Charge Clarific						
Exhibit 1 - Notice of Proposed Rule Change *	The Notice section of this Form 19b-4 must comply with the guidelines for publication in the Federal Register as well as any requirements for electronic filing as published by the Commission (if applicable). The Office of the Federal Register (OFR) offers guidance on Federal Register publication requirements in the Federal Register					
Add Remove View	Document Drafting Handbook, October 1998 Revision. For example, all references to the federal securities law must include the corresponding cite to the United States Code in a footnote. All references to SEC rules must include the corresponding cite to the Code of Federal Regulations in a footnote. All references to Securities Exchange Act Releases must include the release number, release date, Federal Register cite, Federal Register date, and corresponding file number (e.g., SR-[SRO]-xx-xx). A material failure to comply with these guidelines result in the proposed rule change being deemed not properly filed. See also Rule 0-3 under the Act (17 CFR 240.0-3)					
Exhibit 1A - Backtesting Charge Clarif						
Exhibit 1A - Notice of Proposed Rule Change, Security-Based Swap Submission, or Advanced Notice by Clearing Agencies *	The Notice section of this Form 19b-4 must comply with the guidelines for publication in the Federal Register as well as any requirements for electronic filing as published by the Commission (if applicable). The Office of the Federal Register (OFR) offers guidance on Federal Register publication requirements in the Federal Register Document Drafting Handbook, October 1998 Revision. For example, all references to the federal securities laws must include the corresponding cite to the United States Code in a footnote. All references to SEC rules must					
Add Remove View	include the corresponding cite to the Code of Federal Regulations in a footnote. All references to Securities Exchange Act Releases must include the release number, release date, Federal Register cite, Federal Register date, and corresponding file number (e.g., SR-[SRO]-xx-xx). A material failure to comply with these guidelines will result in the proposed rule change being deemed not properly filed. See also Rule 0-3 under the Act (17 CFR 240.0-3)					
Exhibit 2- Notices, Written Comments, Transcripts, Other Communications	Copies of notices, written comments, transcripts, other communications. If such documents cannot be filed electronically in accordance with Instruction F, they shall be filed in accordance with Instruction G.					
Add Remove View						
	Exhibit Sent As Paper Document					
Exhibit 3 - Form, Report, or Questionnaire	Copies of any form, report, or questionnaire that the self-regulatory organization proposes to use to help implement or operate the proposed rule change, or that is referred to by the proposed rule change.					
Add Remove View						
	Exhibit Sent As Paper Document					
Exhibit 4 - Marked Copies Add Remove	The full text shall be marked, in any convenient manner, to indicate additions to and deletions from the immediately preceding filing. The purpose of Exhibit 4 is to permit the staff to identify immediately the changes made from the text of the rule with which it has been working.					
Exhibit 5 - Proposed Rule Text	The self-regulatory organization may choose to attach as Exhibit 5 proposed changes to rule text in place of providing it in Item I and which may otherwise be more easily readable if provided separately from Form 19b-4. Exhibit 5 shall be considered part of the proposed rule change					
Add Remove View Exhibit 5 - Backtesting Charge Clarific:						
Partial Amendment Add Remove View	If the self-regulatory organization is amending only part of the text of a lengthy proposed rule change, it may, with the Commission's permission, file only those portions of the text of the proposed rule change in which changes are being made if the filing (i.e. partial amendment) is clearly understandable on its face. Such partial amendment shall be clearly identified and marked to show deletions and additions.					

1. Text of the Proposed Rule Change

(a) The proposed rule change of National Securities Clearing Corporation ("NSCC") is annexed hereto as Exhibit 5 and consists of modifications to Procedure XV (Clearing Fund Formula and Other Matters) of the NSCC Rules & Procedures ("Rules") to provide additional transparency into the calculation of the Backtesting Charge that may be collected by NSCC as part of Members' Required Fund Deposits to the Clearing Fund by clarifying that such calculation does not include amounts already collected from a Member as a Backtesting Charge, as described in greater detail below.¹

- (b) Not applicable.
- (c) Not applicable.

2. Procedures of the Self-Regulatory Organization

The proposed rule change was approved by the Deputy General Counsel of NSCC pursuant to delegated authority from NSCC's Board of Directors.

3. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

(a) <u>Purpose</u>

NSCC is proposing amendments to the Rules that would provide additional transparency into the calculation of the Backtesting Charge by clarifying that such calculation does not include amounts already collected from a Member as a Backtesting Charge. NSCC is not proposing to change how it calculates Members' backtesting coverage or any applicable Backtesting Charge and is proposing only to include additional transparency in the Rules in describing those calculations, as described in greater detail below.

Overview of NSCC's Clearing Fund and the Backtesting Charge

As part of its market risk management strategy, NSCC manages its credit exposure to Members by determining the appropriate Required Fund Deposits to the Clearing Fund and monitoring its sufficiency, as provided for in the Rules.² The Required Fund Deposit serves as each Member's margin. The objective of a Member's Required Fund Deposit is to mitigate potential losses to NSCC associated with liquidating a Member's portfolio in the event NSCC

¹ Capitalized terms not defined herein are defined in the Rules, <u>available at</u> http://dtcc.com/~/media/Files/Downloads/legal/rules/nscc_rules.pdf.

² <u>See</u> Rule 4 (Clearing Fund) and Procedure XV (Clearing Fund Formula and Other Matters), <u>supra</u> note 1. NSCC's market risk management strategy is designed to comply with Rule 17Ad-22(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Act"), where these risks are referred to as "credit risks." 17 CFR 240.17Ad-22(e)(4).

ceases to act for that Member (hereinafter referred to as a "default").³ The aggregate of all Members' Required Fund Deposits constitutes the Clearing Fund of NSCC. NSCC would access its Clearing Fund should a defaulting Member's own Required Fund Deposit be insufficient to satisfy losses to NSCC caused by the liquidation of that Member's portfolio. Pursuant to the Rules, each Member's Required Fund Deposit consists of a number of applicable components, each of which is calculated to address specific risks faced by NSCC, as identified within Procedure XV of the Rules.⁴

NSCC employs daily backtesting to determine the adequacy of each Member's Required Fund Deposit. NSCC compares the Required Fund Deposit⁵ for each Member with the simulated liquidation gains/losses using the actual positions in the Member's portfolio, and the actual historical security returns. NSCC investigates the cause(s) of any backtesting deficiencies. As a part of this investigation, NSCC pays particular attention to Members with backtesting deficiencies that bring the results for that Member below the 99 percent confidence target (*i.e.*, greater than two backtesting deficiency days in a rolling twelve-month period) to determine if there is an identifiable cause of repeat backtesting deficiencies. NSCC also evaluates whether multiple Members may experience backtesting deficiencies for the same underlying reason.

The Backtesting Charge, as described in Section I(B)(3) of Procedure XV, may be an additional component of a Member's Required Fund Deposit that NSCC may assess at either the start of the day (referred to in the Rules as the "Regular Backtesting Charge") or on an intraday basis (the "Intraday Backtesting Charge).⁶ More specifically, NSCC may assess a Backtesting Charge against any Member that has a 12-month trailing backtesting coverage below the 99 percent backtesting coverage target. If assessed, a Member's Backtesting Charge is generally equal to the Member's third largest deficiency, when calculating the Regular Backtesting Charge, that occurred during the previous 12 months.⁷ As described in Procedure XV, NSCC may adjust the Backtesting Charge if it determines that circumstances particular to a Member's settlement

 $\frac{4}{\text{Supra}}$ note 1.

⁵ For backtesting comparisons, NSCC uses the Required Fund Deposit amount without regard to the actual collateral posted by the Member.

⁶ Section I(B)(3) of Procedure XV (Clearing Fund Formula and Other Matters) of the Rules, <u>supra</u> note 1. <u>See also</u> Release No. 79167 (October 26, 2016), 81 FR 75883 (November 1, 2016) (File Nos. SR-FICC-2016-006; SR-NSCC-2016-004).

³ The Rules identify when NSCC may cease to act for a Member and the types of actions NSCC may take. For example, NSCC may suspend a firm's membership with NSCC or prohibit or limit a Member's access to NSCC's services in the event that a Member defaults on a financial or other obligation to NSCC. <u>See</u> Rule 46 (Restrictions on Access to Services) of the Rules, <u>supra</u> note 1.

^{7 &}lt;u>Id</u>.

activity and/or market price volatility warrant a different approach to determining or applying such charge in a manner consistent with achieving NSCC's backtesting coverage target.⁸

NSCC calculates the Backtesting Charge monthly and, based on those calculations, may either impose a new Backtesting Charge or remove an existing Backtesting Charge, or it may either increase or decrease a Member's existing Backtesting Charge as necessary to maintain its target backtesting coverage. When calculating a Member's backtesting coverage for purposes of the Backtesting Charge and when calculating any applicable Backtesting Charge, NSCC does not include amounts already collected from that Member as a Backtesting Charge. As described above, the objective of the Backtesting Charge is to increase Required Fund Deposits for Members that are likely to experience backtesting deficiencies by an amount sufficient to maintain such Member's backtesting coverage above the 99 percent confidence threshold. By excluding the Backtesting Charge in these calculations, NSCC is able to more accurately evaluate Members' historical backtesting deficiencies and coverage ratios to determine if any adjustment to a Member's Backtesting Charge is appropriate.

Proposed Revisions to Clarify the Calculation of the Backtesting Charge

NSCC is proposing to revise Section I(B)(3) of Procedure XV to provide additional transparency into the calculation of the Backtesting Charge.⁹ As described above, Procedure XV states that the Backtesting Charge may apply to Members that have 12-month trailing backtesting coverage below the 99 percent backtesting coverage target and that the Regular Backtesting Charge is calculated as the Member's third largest deficiency that occurred during the previous 12 months, and the Intraday Backtesting Charge is calculated as the Member's fifth largest deficiency in that same time period. Currently, however, Procedure XV does not state that NSCC does not include amounts already collected as a Backtesting Charge from a Member in calculating either that Member's backtesting coverage or calculating any applicable Backtesting Charge.

Therefore, in order to add additional transparency to the Rules regarding the calculation of the Backtesting Charge, NSCC is proposing to amend Section I(B)(3) of Procedure XV to state that, for purposes of calculating a Member's backtesting coverage and any applicable Backtesting Charge, NSCC would not include amounts already collected as a Backtesting Charge from that Member.

(b) <u>Statutory Basis</u>

NSCC believes that the proposed changes are consistent with the requirements of the Act and the rules and regulations thereunder applicable to a registered clearing agency. In particular,

⁸ <u>Id</u>.

⁹ <u>Id</u>.

NSCC believes the proposed changes are consistent with Section 17A(b)(3)(F) of the Act,¹⁰ and Rule 17Ad-22(e)(23)(ii) promulgated under the Act,¹¹ for the reasons described below.

Section 17A(b)(3)(F) of the Act requires that the rules of NSCC be designed to, among other things, promote the prompt and accurate clearance and settlement of securities transactions.¹² NSCC believes the proposed changes are consistent with the requirements of Section 17A(b)(3)(F) of the Act because such changes would clarify and improve the transparency of the Rules regarding the calculation of the Backtesting Charge.

More specifically, the proposed changes would amend Section I(B)(3) of Procedure XV to provide Members with additional information regarding the calculation of the Backtesting Charge by stating that, for purposes of calculating a Member's backtesting coverage and any applicable Backtesting Charge, NSCC would not include amounts already collected as a Backtesting Charge from that Member. By enhancing the clarity and transparency of the Rules, the proposed changes would allow Members to more efficiently and effectively conduct their business in accordance with the Rules, which NSCC believes would promote the prompt and accurate clearance and settlement of securities transactions. As such, NSCC believes that the proposed changes would be consistent with Section 17A(b)(3)(F) of the Act.¹³

Rule 17Ad-22(e)(23)(ii) under the Act requires, in part, that NSCC establish, implement, maintain and enforce written policies and procedures reasonably designed to provide for sufficient information to enable participants to identify and evaluate the risks, fees, and other material costs they incur by participating in the covered clearing agency.¹⁴ By providing Members with additional information regarding the calculation of the Backtesting Charge and clarifying that it would not include amounts already collected as a Backtesting Charge from that Member in such calculations, the proposed changes improve the transparency of the Rules. By providing Members with additional information that would enable them to evaluate the risks and material costs they incur by participating in NSCC, NSCC believes the proposed changes are consistent with the requirements of Rule 17Ad-22(e)(23)(ii).¹⁵

4. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Burden on Competition

NSCC does not believe the proposed rule changes would impact competition. The proposed rule changes would merely enhance the clarity and transparency of the Rules and is not proposing any changes to the calculation of Members' Required Fund Deposits. Therefore, the

- ¹⁰ 15 U.S.C. 78q-1(b)(3)(F).
- ¹¹ 17 CFR 240.17Ad-22(e)(23)(ii).
- ¹² 15 U.S.C. 78q-1(b)(3)(F).
- ¹³ <u>Id.</u>
- ¹⁴ 17 CFR 240.17Ad-22(e)(23)(ii).
- ¹⁵ <u>Id.</u>

proposed changes would not affect NSCC's operations or the rights and obligations of membership. As such, NSCC believes the proposed rule changes would not have any impact on competition.

5. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change Received from Members, Participants, or Others

NSCC has not received or solicited any written comments relating to this proposal. If any written comments are received, they will be publicly filed as an Exhibit 2 to this filing, as required by Form 19b-4 and the General Instructions thereto.

Persons submitting comments are cautioned that, according to Section IV (Solicitation of Comments) of the Exhibit 1A in the General Instructions to Form 19b-4, the Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission") does not edit personal identifying information from comment submissions. Commenters should submit only information that they wish to make available publicly, including their name, email address, and any other identifying information.

All prospective commenters should follow the Commission's instructions on how to submit comments, available at https://www.sec.gov/regulatory-actions/how-to-submit-comments. General questions regarding the rule filing process or logistical questions regarding this filing should be directed to the Main Office of the Commission's Division of Trading and Markets at tradingandmarkets@sec.gov or 202-551-5777.

NSCC reserves the right not to respond to any comments received.

6. Extension of Time Period for Commission Action

Not applicable.

7. Basis for Summary Effectiveness Pursuant to Section 19(b)(3) or for Accelerated Effectiveness Pursuant to Section 19(b)(2)

(a) The proposed rule change is to become effective pursuant to paragraph (A) of Section 19(b)(3) of the Act.¹⁶

(b) The proposed rule change effects a change in an existing service of NSCC that (A) does not adversely affect the safeguarding of securities or funds in the custody or control of NSCC or for which it is responsible and (B) does not significantly affect the respective rights or obligations of NSCC or Members because the proposed rule change would enhance the clarity and transparency of the Rules with respect to the calculation of the Backtesting Charge but would not impact Members' rights and obligations with respect to their Required Fund Deposits.

(c) Not applicable.

¹⁶ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(3)(A).

(d) Not applicable.

8. Proposed Rule Change Based on Rules of Another Self-Regulatory Organization or of the Commission

Not applicable.

9. Security-Based Swap Submissions Filed Pursuant to Section 3C of the Act

Not applicable.

10. Advance Notice Filed Pursuant to Section 806(e) of the Payment, Clearing, and Settlement Supervision Act of 2010

Not applicable.

11. Exhibits

Exhibit 1 – Not applicable.

Exhibit 1A - Notice of proposed rule change for publication in the Federal Register.

Exhibit 2 – Not applicable.

Exhibit 3 – Not applicable.

Exhibit 4 – Not applicable.

Exhibit 5 – Proposed changes to the Rules.

EXHIBIT 1A

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION (Release No. 34-[____]; File No. SR-NSCC-2021-014)

[DATE]

Self-Regulatory Organizations; National Securities Clearing Corporation; Notice of Filing and Immediate Effectiveness of a Proposed Rule Change to Enhance the Transparency of the Calculation of the Backtesting Charge

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Act")¹ and Rule 19b-4 thereunder,² notice is hereby given that on November __, 2021, National Securities Clearing Corporation ("NSCC") filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission") the proposed rule change as described in Items I, II and III below, which Items have been prepared by the clearing agency. NSCC filed the proposed rule change pursuant to Section 19(b)(3)(A) of the Act³ and Rule 19b-4(f)(4) thereunder.⁴ The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons.

I. <u>Clearing Agency's Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed Rule</u> <u>Change</u>

The proposed rule change of NSCC consists of modifications to Procedure XV

(Clearing Fund Formula and Other Matters) of the NSCC Rules & Procedures ("Rules") to provide additional transparency into the calculation of the Backtesting Charge that may be collected by NSCC as part of Members' Required Fund Deposits to the Clearing Fund

- ³ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(3)(A).
- ⁴ 17 CFR 240.19b-4(f)(4).

¹ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(1).

² 17 CFR 240.19b-4.

Page 10 of 21

by clarifying that such calculation does not include amounts already collected from a Member as a Backtesting Charge, as described in greater detail below.⁵

II. <u>Clearing Agency's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the</u> <u>Proposed Rule Change</u>

In its filing with the Commission, the clearing agency included statements concerning the purpose of and basis for the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text of these statements may be examined at the places specified in Item IV below. The clearing agency has prepared summaries, set forth in sections A, B, and C below, of the most significant aspects of such statements.

- (A) <u>Clearing Agency's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for,</u> <u>the Proposed Rule Change</u>
 - 1. <u>Purpose</u>
- (a) <u>Purpose</u>

5

NSCC is proposing amendments to the Rules that would provide additional transparency into the calculation of the Backtesting Charge by clarifying that such calculation does not include amounts already collected from a Member as a Backtesting Charge. NSCC is not proposing to change how it calculates Members' backtesting coverage or any applicable Backtesting Charge and is proposing only to include additional transparency in the Rules in describing those calculations, as described in greater detail below.

Terms not defined herein are defined in the Rules, <u>available at</u> http://dtcc.com/~/media/Files/Downloads/legal/rules/nscc_rules.pdf.

Overview of NSCC's Clearing Fund and the Backtesting Charge

As part of its market risk management strategy, NSCC manages its credit exposure to Members by determining the appropriate Required Fund Deposits to the Clearing Fund and monitoring its sufficiency, as provided for in the Rules.⁶ The Required Fund Deposit serves as each Member's margin. The objective of a Member's Required Fund Deposit is to mitigate potential losses to NSCC associated with liquidating a Member's portfolio in the event NSCC ceases to act for that Member (hereinafter referred to as a "default").⁷ The aggregate of all Members' Required Fund Deposits constitutes the Clearing Fund of NSCC. NSCC would access its Clearing Fund should a defaulting Member's own Required Fund Deposit be insufficient to satisfy losses to NSCC caused by the liquidation of that Member's portfolio. Pursuant to the Rules, each Member's Required Fund Deposit consists of a number of applicable components, each of which is calculated to address specific risks faced by NSCC, as identified within Procedure XV of the Rules.⁸

⁶ <u>See</u> Rule 4 (Clearing Fund) and Procedure XV (Clearing Fund Formula and Other Matters), <u>id.</u> NSCC's market risk management strategy is designed to comply with Rule 17Ad-22(e)(4) under the Act, where these risks are referred to as "credit risks." 17 CFR 240.17Ad-22(e)(4).

⁷ The Rules identify when NSCC may cease to act for a Member and the types of actions NSCC may take. For example, NSCC may suspend a firm's membership with NSCC or prohibit or limit a Member's access to NSCC's services in the event that a Member defaults on a financial or other obligation to NSCC. See Rule 46 (Restrictions on Access to Services) of the Rules, supra note 6.

⁸ <u>Supra</u> note 6.

Page 12 of 21

NSCC employs daily backtesting to determine the adequacy of each Member's Required Fund Deposit. NSCC compares the Required Fund Deposit⁹ for each Member with the simulated liquidation gains/losses using the actual positions in the Member's portfolio, and the actual historical security returns. NSCC investigates the cause(s) of any backtesting deficiencies. As a part of this investigation, NSCC pays particular attention to Members with backtesting deficiencies that bring the results for that Member below the 99 percent confidence target (*i.e.*, greater than two backtesting deficiency days in a rolling twelve-month period) to determine if there is an identifiable cause of repeat backtesting deficiencies. NSCC also evaluates whether multiple Members may experience backtesting deficiencies for the same underlying reason.

The Backtesting Charge, as described in Section I(B)(3) of Procedure XV, may be an additional component of a Member's Required Fund Deposit that NSCC may assess at either the start of the day (referred to in the Rules as the "Regular Backtesting Charge") or on an intraday basis (the "Intraday Backtesting Charge).¹⁰ More specifically, NSCC may assess a Backtesting Charge against any Member that has a 12-month trailing backtesting coverage below the 99 percent backtesting coverage target. If assessed, a Member's Backtesting Charge is generally equal to the Member's third largest deficiency, when calculating the Regular Backtesting Charge, and fifth largest deficiency, when calculating the Intraday Backtesting Charge, that occurred during the previous 12

⁹ For backtesting comparisons, NSCC uses the Required Fund Deposit amount without regard to the actual collateral posted by the Member.

 ¹⁰ Section I(B)(3) of Procedure XV (Clearing Fund Formula and Other Matters) of the Rules, <u>supra</u> note 6. <u>See also</u> Release No. 79167 (October 26, 2016), 81 FR 75883 (November 1, 2016) (File Nos. SR-FICC-2016-006; SR-NSCC-2016-004).

Page 13 of 21

months.¹¹ As described in Procedure XV, NSCC may adjust the Backtesting Charge if it determines that circumstances particular to a Member's settlement activity and/or market price volatility warrant a different approach to determining or applying such charge in a manner consistent with achieving NSCC's backtesting coverage target.¹²

NSCC calculates the Backtesting Charge monthly and, based on those calculations, may either impose a new Backtesting Charge or remove an existing Backtesting Charge, or it may either increase or decrease a Member's existing Backtesting Charge as necessary to maintain its target backtesting coverage. When calculating a Member's backtesting coverage for purposes of the Backtesting Charge and when calculating any applicable Backtesting Charge, NSCC does not include amounts already collected from that Member as a Backtesting Charge. As described above, the objective of the Backtesting Charge is to increase Required Fund Deposits for Members that are likely to experience backtesting deficiencies by an amount sufficient to maintain such Member's backtesting Charge in these calculations, NSCC is able to more accurately evaluate Members' historical backtesting deficiencies and coverage ratios to determine if any adjustment to a Member's Backtesting Charge is appropriate.

Proposed Revisions to Clarify the Calculation of the Backtesting Charge

NSCC is proposing to revise Section I(B)(3) of Procedure XV to provide additional transparency into the calculation of the Backtesting Charge.¹³ As described

¹² <u>Id</u>.

¹³ <u>Id</u>.

¹¹ <u>Id</u>.

above, Procedure XV states that the Backtesting Charge may apply to Members that have 12-month trailing backtesting coverage below the 99 percent backtesting coverage target and that the Regular Backtesting Charge is calculated as the Member's third largest deficiency that occurred during the previous 12 months, and the Intraday Backtesting Charge is calculated as the Member's fifth largest deficiency in that same time period. Currently, however, Procedure XV does not state that NSCC does not include amounts already collected as a Backtesting Charge from a Member in calculating either that Member's backtesting coverage or calculating any applicable Backtesting Charge.

Therefore, in order to add additional transparency to the Rules regarding the calculation of the Backtesting Charge, NSCC is proposing to amend Section I(B)(3) of Procedure XV to state that, for purposes of calculating a Member's backtesting coverage and any applicable Backtesting Charge, NSCC would not include amounts already collected as a Backtesting Charge from that Member.

2. <u>Statutory Basis</u>

NSCC believes that the proposed changes are consistent with the requirements of the Act and the rules and regulations thereunder applicable to a registered clearing agency. In particular, NSCC believes the proposed changes are consistent with Section 17A(b)(3)(F) of the Act,¹⁴ and Rule 17Ad-22(e)(23)(ii) promulgated under the Act,¹⁵ for the reasons described below.

¹⁴ 15 U.S.C. 78q-1(b)(3)(F).

¹⁵ 17 CFR 240.17Ad-22(e)(23)(ii).

Section 17A(b)(3)(F) of the Act requires that the rules of NSCC be designed to, among other things, promote the prompt and accurate clearance and settlement of securities transactions.¹⁶ NSCC believes the proposed changes are consistent with the requirements of Section 17A(b)(3)(F) of the Act because such changes would clarify and improve the transparency of the Rules regarding the calculation of the Backtesting Charge.

More specifically, the proposed changes would amend Section I(B)(3) of Procedure XV to provide Members with additional information regarding the calculation of the Backtesting Charge by stating that, for purposes of calculating a Member's backtesting coverage and any applicable Backtesting Charge, NSCC would not include amounts already collected as a Backtesting Charge from that Member. By enhancing the clarity and transparency of the Rules, the proposed changes would allow Members to more efficiently and effectively conduct their business in accordance with the Rules, which NSCC believes would promote the prompt and accurate clearance and settlement of securities transactions. As such, NSCC believes that the proposed changes would be consistent with Section 17A(b)(3)(F) of the Act.¹⁷

¹⁶ 15 U.S.C. 78q-1(b)(3)(F).

¹⁷ <u>Id.</u>

Rule 17Ad-22(e)(23)(ii) under the Act requires, in part, that NSCC establish, implement, maintain and enforce written policies and procedures reasonably designed to provide for sufficient information to enable participants to identify and evaluate the risks, fees, and other material costs they incur by participating in the covered clearing agency.¹⁸ By providing Members with additional information regarding the calculation of the Backtesting Charge and clarifying that it would not include amounts already collected as a Backtesting Charge from that Member in such calculations, the proposed changes improve the transparency of the Rules. By providing Members with additional information that would enable them to evaluate the risks and material costs they incur by participating in NSCC, NSCC believes the proposed changes are consistent with the requirements of Rule 17Ad-22(e)(23)(ii).¹⁹

(B) <u>Clearing Agency's Statement on Burden on Competition</u>

NSCC does not believe the proposed rule changes would impact competition. The proposed rule changes would merely enhance the clarity and transparency of the Rules and is not proposing any changes to the calculation of Members' Required Fund Deposits. Therefore, the proposed changes would not affect NSCC's operations or the rights and obligations of membership. As such, NSCC believes the proposed rule changes would not have any impact on competition.

¹⁸ 17 CFR 240.17Ad-22(e)(23)(ii).

¹⁹ <u>Id.</u>

(C) <u>Clearing Agency's Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change</u> <u>Received from Members, Participants, or Others</u>

NSCC has not received or solicited any written comments relating to this proposal. If any written comments are received, they will be publicly filed as an Exhibit 2 to this filing, as required by Form 19b-4 and the General Instructions thereto.

Persons submitting comments are cautioned that, according to Section IV (Solicitation of Comments) of the Exhibit 1A in the General Instructions to Form 19b-4, the Commission does not edit personal identifying information from comment submissions. Commenters should submit only information that they wish to make available publicly, including their name, email address, and any other identifying information.

All prospective commenters should follow the Commission's instructions on how to submit comments, available at https://www.sec.gov/regulatory-actions/how-to-submit-comments. General questions regarding the rule filing process or logistical questions regarding this filing should be directed to the Main Office of the Commission's Division of Trading and Markets at tradingandmarkets@sec.gov or 202-551-5777.

NSCC reserves the right not to respond to any comments received.

III. <u>Date of Effectiveness of the Proposed Rule Change, and Timing for Commission</u> <u>Action</u>

The foregoing rule change has become effective pursuant to Section $19(b)(3)(A)^{20}$ of the Act and paragraph $(f)^{21}$ of Rule 19b-4 thereunder. At any time within 60 days of the filing of the proposed rule change, the Commission summarily may temporarily

²⁰ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(3)(A).

²¹ 17 CFR 240.19b-4(f).

Page 18 of 21

suspend such rule change if it appears to the Commission that such action is necessary or appropriate in the public interest, for the protection of investors, or otherwise in furtherance of the purposes of the Act.

IV. Solicitation of Comments

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views and arguments concerning the foregoing, including whether the proposed rule change is consistent with the Act. Comments may be submitted by any of the following methods:

Electronic Comments:

- Use the Commission's Internet comment form (http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml); or
- Send an e-mail to rule-comments@sec.gov. Please include File Number SR-NSCC-2021-014 on the subject line.

Paper Comments:

• Send paper comments in triplicate to Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street, NE, Washington, DC 20549.

All submissions should refer to File Number SR-NSCC-2021-014. This file number should be included on the subject line if e-mail is used. To help the Commission process and review your comments more efficiently, please use only one method. The Commission will post all comments on the Commission's Internet website (http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml). Copies of the submission, all subsequent amendments, all written statements with respect to the proposed rule change that are filed with the Commission, and all written communications relating to the proposed rule change between the Commission and any person, other than those that may be withheld

from the public in accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552, will be available for website viewing and printing in the Commission's Public Reference Room, 100 F Street, NE, Washington, DC 20549 on official business days between the hours of 10:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m. Copies of the filing also will be available for inspection and copying at the principal office of NSCC and on DTCC's website (http://dtcc.com/legal/sec-rule-filings.aspx). All comments received will be posted without change. Persons submitting comments are cautioned that we do not redact or edit personal identifying information from comment submissions. You should submit only information that you wish to make available publicly. All submissions should refer to File Number SR-NSCC-2021-014 and should be submitted on or before [insert date 21 days from publication in the Federal Register].

For the Commission, by the Division of Trading and Markets, pursuant to delegated authority.²²

Secretary

²² 17 CFR 200.30-3(a)(12).

EXHIBIT 5





NATIONAL SECURITIES CLEARING CORPORATION

RULES & PROCEDURES

TEXT OF PROPOSED RULE CHANGE

Bold and underlined text indicates proposed added language.

Bold and strikethrough text indicates proposed deleted language.

PROCEDURE XV. CLEARING FUND FORMULA AND OTHER MATTERS¹

* *

I.(B) Additional Clearing Fund Formula

* * *

(3) Backtesting Charge

The Corporation may require a Member to make an additional Clearing Fund deposit to mitigate exposures to the Corporation caused by settlement risks that may not be adequately captured by the Corporation's portfolio volatility model ("Backtesting Charge"). The Corporation may assess this charge both on the start of the day portfolio (the "Regular Backtesting Charge") or on an intraday basis (the "Intraday Backtesting Charge"), as needed, to enable the Corporation to achieve its backtesting coverage target. The Backtesting Charge may apply to Members that have 12-month trailing backtesting Charge and the Intraday Backtesting Charge shall generally be equal to the Member's third largest deficiency and fifth largest deficiency, respectively, that occurred during the previous 12 months. The Corporation may in its discretion adjust such charge if the Corporation determines that circumstances particular to a Member's settlement activity and/or market price volatility warrant a different approach to determining or applying such charge in a manner consistent with achieving the Corporation's backtesting coverage target.

In calculating a Member's backtesting coverage for purposes of the Backtesting Charge and in calculating any applicable Backtesting Charge, the Corporation would not include amounts already collected as a Backtesting Charge from that Member.

* * *

¹ All calculations shall be performed daily or, if the Corporation deems it appropriate, on a more frequent basis.